

NOVOZHILOV, G. I., kand. tekhn. nauk

Laying track with reinforced concrete crossties. Transp.  
stroi. 13 no. 4:5-9 Ap '63. (MIRA 16:4)

(Railroads--Track)

NOVOZHILOV, G.I., kand. tekhn. nauk

The first road laid in the desert. Transp. stroi. 13 no.5:  
75-76 My '63.

(MIRA 16:7)

(Railroads—Construction)

NOVOZHILOV, G.I., kand.tekhn.nauk

Construction of the double-track Tokaido line in Japan.

Transp.stroi. 14 no.12:52-54 D '64.

(MIRA 19:1)

1. NOVOZHILOV, G.M.
2. USSR (600)
4. Combines (Agricultural Machinery)
7. Defective manual on the S-4 self-propelled combine ("Self-propelled combine model S-4." Reviewed by G.M. Novozhilov). Mekh. i elek. sel'khoz. no. 3, 1953.
9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, APRIL 1953, Uncl.

ALFIMOV, N.N.; YAGOVY, P.N.; NOVOZHILOV, G.N.

Determining the combined water and air  $\beta$ -activity in certain parts  
of the Pacific Ocean. Atom energ. 16 no.3:264-266 Mr '64.  
(MIRA 17:3)

ACCESSION NR: AP4020340

S/0089/64/016/003/0264/0266

AUTHORS: Alfimov, N.N.; Yagovoy, P.N.; Novozhilov, G.N.

TITLE: Results of research on total beta activity of water and air  
in some areas of the Pacific Ocean

SOURCE: Atomnaya energiya, v. 16, no. 3, 1964, 264-266

TOPIC TAGS: beta activity, water, air, Pacific Ocean, radioactive  
fallout Pacific Ocean beta activity, Pacific Ocean radioactive  
falloutABSTRACT: The purpose of this work is to provide data which  
characterizes the  $\beta$  activity of water in the Pacific Ocean at  
different latitudes. Samples of several liters of sea water were  
taken from the ocean surface. Immediately after sampling, tempera-  
ture and water salinity were measured. It was found that the aver-  
age specific activity of the water north of 31°30', the north lati-  
tude is  $16.6 \times 10^{-11}$  curie/liter 1, and the south is  $28.2 \times 10^{-11}$   
curie/liter 1. Determinations were made of specific activity of

Card 1/2

ACCESSION NR: AP4020340

sea water at periods with high and low density of radioactive fallout from the atmosphere. The relation is determined between density of radioactive fallout and specific water activity, making it possible to establish the influence of wind direction on amount of fallout. Radioactive fallout reaches its peak with south-eastern winds and is lowest with northwestern winds during which the density of radioactive fallout did not correspond to frequency of wind recurrence. Orig. art. has: 2 tables, 1 figure.

ASSOCIATION: None

SUBMITTED: 06May63

DATE ACQ: 31Mar64

ENCL: 00

SUB CODE: NS, PH

NO REF Sov: 002

OTHER: 009

Card 2/2

AKHTYRSKIY, N.P., inzh.; NOVOZHILOV, G.P., inzh.; PANFIL', I.S., inzh.;  
PAKHOMOV, V.Ya., inzh.

Complex 3.3 Kr. a.c. traction substation. Transp. stroi. 14  
(MIRA 18:3)  
no.11:9-13 N '64.

NOV 02 1960, I.F.

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V2227. INVESTIGATION OF THE SEALS ON A ROTARY REGENERATIVE AIR HEATER  
FOR GAS TURBINE PLANTS. MIAT, V.R. ED. RGOVZHILOV, I.F. (IZv. Akad. Nauk  
SSSR, Tekhn. Nauk. (Mif. Akad. Nauk SSSR), Ser. Fiz. Mat., 1956, 51-58). A report on the experimental investigation of the seals on a  
turbine institute) following on the work done by G.W. and Stevens in Great  
Britain in 1951.

WES

filed

Central Sci. Res. Gas Turbine Inst.

AUTHORS: Novozhilov, I.F. and Migay, V.K.,(Engineers).

TITLE: Rotating regenerative air heater for a gas turbine installation.  
(Vrashchayushchiysya regenerativnyy vozdukhopodogrevatel' dlya  
gazoturbinnoy ustanovki.) 114-7-8/14

PERIODICAL: "Energomashinostroyeniye" (Power Machinery Construction)  
1957, No.7, Vol.3, pp.24-27. (U.S.S.R.)

ABSTRACT : An effective method of increasing the efficiency of gas turbine installations is to use the heat of the exhaust gases. For this purpose compact and efficient heat exchangers are required. Regenerative heat exchangers with rotating heating surfaces are particularly compact. They achieve heating surfaces of  $9,000 \text{ m}^2/\text{m}^3$  with an equivalent channel diameter of 0.3 mm. The regenerator consists of a disc or drum shaped rotor bearing the heating surface. The heating surface may be a metal strip, a wire grid, ceramic quartz or glass cloth, porous metal and so on. At the present time the most promising heating surface is a padding made of metal strip. In the rotating regenerator the flows of gas and air in opposite directions are separated from one another by a system of glands. The great temperature differences, which cause deformation of the rotor, and also the presence of critical pressure drops give rise to considerable difficulties in the design of glands. The Central Boiler & Turbine Institute has a special rig (Fig.1) which includes an experimental rotating regenerator which was used in the development of the glands. Compressed air

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Rotating regenerative air heater for a gas turbine installation.  
(Cont.)

114-7-8/14

at pressures up to 4 atm. was delivered to the rig from compressors. Exhaust gas from a turbine was imitated in the initial experiments by air heated in electric heaters, and in later experiments during operation at higher temperatures, the gases were obtained from a combustion chamber working on kerosene. Leakage of compressed air was calculated as the difference between the flows of air and gas determined by means of measuring diaphragms and Prandtl tubes and was then checked by the method of gas analysis, by concentration of CO<sub>2</sub>. Fig. 2 gives results of leakage per length of unit gland obtained during cold tests. The horizontal solid line corresponds to the upper limit of leakage recommended in the English literature for an open cycle gas turbine installation of 1500 KW. Fig. 3 shows the relationship between the leakage in the number of discs, the graph is constructed for an open-cycle gas turbine installation with an output of 1,000 kW and a compression ratio of 3.5 with values of specific leakage taken from Table 2. Measurements were made of the pressure distribution under the shoes and the results are given in Fig. 4. Thermal calculations on a rotating regenerator differ from those on a stationary regenerator only in the value of the heat transfer coefficient. Formulae are given for the heat transfer

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Rotating regenerative air heater for a gas turbine installation.  
(Cont.) 114-7-8/14

coefficient and the corresponding values of Nusselt's numbers over a definite range of Reynolds numbers may be determined from the graph, Fig.5. In tests carried out on a model regenerator, determinations were made of the dependence of the coefficient of regeneration on the flows of heating and heated media and on the rotor speeds. The inlet and outlet temperatures were measured by means of 16 chromel-alumel thermo-couples. A study was first made of the relationship between the regeneration coefficient and the rotor speed. The tests were carried out at speeds of 5, 7.5 and 14 r.p.m. and the results are given on Fig.6 together with a theoretical curve calculated from the formula of S.S.Kutateladze which is given in the paper. The good agreement between the theoretical curve and the experimental points indicates the value of the formula for calculations on rotating regenerators. The same procedure was used to make thermal calculations on the rotating model regenerator for a speed of 14 r.p.m. The initial data were determined experimentally. Calculation gave the following dimensions for the heating surface of the rotor: diameter 0.58 metres, height 0.094 metres; in the actual experimental installation these values were respectively 0.6 and 0.092 metres. A similar thermal calculation was made for a regeneration factor

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Rotating regenerative air heater for a gas turbine installation.  
(Cont.) 114-7-8/14

of 0.8. In tests on the model regenerator carried out with air and gas conditions determined by calculation the regeneration coefficient obtained was 0.78. Therefore, the thermal calculation of a rotating regenerator can be recommended for the calculation of similar heat exchanges. In addition to thermal tests on models, laboratory tests were carried out to determine the heat transfer of a packing element. The element was made of corrugated strip of stainless steel 0.1 mm thick stuck with a special adhesive to a flat brass plate 1 mm thick. The corrugations formed 40 parallel channels of triangular cross section. Measurements were made of the rate of flow of water through the element and of the inlet and outlet temperatures. The experimental results were worked out in terms of criteria of similarity. The points have been inserted on the common graph, Fig.5. The same graph includes experimental points for heat transfer by contact in triangular channels obtained by other authors. The agreement between the experimental results shown in Fig.5 demonstrates that heat transfer in the packings of rotating regenerators can be studied on stationary models. It is concluded that the rotating regenerator is a relatively effective type of air heater for gas turbine installations of comparatively

Rotating regenerative air heater for a gas turbine installation.  
(Cont.)

114-7-8/14

small output and low compression ratios. The use of these regenerators appears to be particularly promising for transport gas turbine installations, for example, on automobiles, locomotives, river transport, etc. With some design simplification rotating regenerators may be applied successfully in boiler installations with forced draught particularly for powerful and super-powerful steam boilers.

There are 6 figures and 3 literature references (2 Russian).

AVAILABLE:

5/5

NOVOZHILOV, I.F.

AUTHORS:

Novozhilov, I.F., and Migay, V.K.

113-58-3-5/16

TITLE:

Condensing Devices for the Regenerator of a Gas Turbine Engine (Uplotnitel'nyye ustroystva dlya regeneratora gazo-turbinnogo dvigatelya)

PERIODICAL:

Avtomobil'naya Promyshlennost', 1958, Nr 3, pp 16-19 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

Modern carburetor engines consume 210-280 g of fuel per hp/h, gas turbine engines without regenerators consume 315-510 g per hp/h, and gas turbine engines with effective regenerators have nearly the same consumption as piston type internal-combustion engines. The effective power factor of carburetor engines is 0.22-0.30, of gas turbine engines without regenerator 0.12-0.15, and with regenerator nearly the same as in piston type engines. The most effective regenerator for the gas turbine engine is the revolving regenerator in the form of a disc or a drum. Compact and simple heating surfaces were first used in foreign regenerators [Ref 2]. The condensing devices in these regenerators were designed according to the labyrinth principle (Figure 2). The national Bureau of Gas Turbines in England developed disc regenerators with self-regulating condensing devices [Ref 3]. Figure 3 shows the diagram

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113-58-3-5/16

**Condensing Devices for the Regenerator of a Gas Turbine Engine**

of such a regenerator. The loss of air in these regenerators were high, 75 g/sec for 1 m of condensation. The air pressure was 3.16 kg/cm<sup>2</sup> at a temperature of 600° C. The regenerator of the American Ford Plant [Ref 4] condenses the central part of the regenerator. It is calculated for a regeneration factor of 0.80. It has 20 rpm. Soviet devices were developed by the Boiler Turbine Institute imeni Polzunov. They consist of radial, elevation, and circumferential devices (Figure 5). Seven variations of condensing devices were developed. The 6th and 7th are shown in Figure 6. Tests on the 7th revealed that there are still many drawbacks. The mounts were not solid enough. The membrane between the sockets and the guiding blades was not effective therefore 10 variations of membranes were developed (Figure 9). The most effective was membrane # 10. The loss of air with this membrane was only 47 g/sec for 1 m of condensation. These investigations were only the first step in the development of a revolving regenerator. There are 9 figures, and 6 references, 2 of which are Soviet, 2 American, 1 English, and 1 German.

Card 2/3

113-58-3-5/16

Condensing Devices for the Regenerator of a Gas Turbine Engine

ASSOCIATION: Leningradskiy tsentral'nyy kotloturbinnyy institut imeni Pol-zunova (Leningrad Central Boiler Turbine Institute imeni Polzunov)

AVAILABLE: Library of Congress

Card 3/3      1. Gas turbine regenerators-Design

NOVOLZHILOV, I.F., inzh.; MIGAY, V.K., kand. tekhn. nauk

Intensification of convective heat exchange in pipes of various  
of artificial roughness. Teploenergetika L. no. 161-03 1974.  
111. 1212

1. TSentral'nyy kotloturbinnyy institut.

MIGAT, V.K., kand. tekhn. tank; NOVOLHITOV, I.P., tank.

Heat exchange in pipes with internal transverse bulges. Izv.  
vys. ucheb. zav.; energ. 8 no. 11:36-43 N 165.

(MIRA 18:11)

1. Tsentral'nyy kotloturbinochnyj institut imeni I.I. Polzunova.

NOVOZHILOV, I. I.

Defoliation of the seed plants of vetch. Zemledelie 6 no.8:65-67  
Ag '58. (MIRA 12:11)

I. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut kormov imeni  
V.R.I Vil'yamsa.  
(Vetch) (Defoliation)

NOVOZHILOV, F.I.

Planting spring vetch along with white mustard. Zemledelie 7 no.4:76  
Ap '59. (MIRA 12:6)

1. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut kormov imeni V.R.  
vilk'yamsa.  
(Vetch) (Mustard)

NOVOZHILOV, I.I.

Vernalization of spring vetch. Agrobiologija no.1:67-70 Ja-F  
'60. (MIRA 13:5)

1. Zonal'nyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut sel'skogo  
khozyaystva Severo-Vostoka, g. Kirov.  
(Vetch) (Vernalization)

28(1) PHASE I BOOK EXPLOITATION Sov. 21/56  
Sovetochchanye po komplektnoy mehanizatsii i avtomatizatsii tekhnologicheskikh protsessov. 2nd, 1956.  
Avtomaticheskaya mehanizatsiya i avtomatika / Sovetochchanye po komplektnoy mehanizatsii i avtomatizatsii tekhnologicheskikh protsessov. Sov. 1. Gor'kiy Gospodarka na sel'skom i gorskom stroitel'stve i stroitel'stve na zavodakh (Automation of Machine-Building Processes); Proceedings of the Conference on Over-All Mechanization and Automation of Technological Process, Vol. 1. (Hot Metal-Forging) Moscow, 1959. 394 p. 5,000 copies printed.  
Sponsoring Agency: Akademiya Nauk SSSR. Institut mashinovedeniya. Rossiyskaya po tekhnologii mashinostroeniya.  
Rep. Ed.: V.I. Bishchikin, Aurdachian; Compiler: V.M. Raskatov; M. of Publishing House; V.A. Kotov; Tech. Ed.: I.P. Kar'ain.  
PURPOSE: The book is intended for mechanical engineers and metallurgists.  
CONTENTS: The transactions of the Second Conference on the Over-All Mechanization and Automation of Industrial Processes, September 25-29, 1956, have been published in three volumes. This book, Vol. 1, contains articles under the general title, Hot Rolling of Metals. The investigations described in the book were conducted by the Sections for Automation and Hot Working of Metals, under the direction of the following scientists: P.M. Alexeyev, D.P. Ivanov and G.M. Orliv; forming - A.I. Melnikov, A.D. Tsvetkov and V.S. Meshcherin; welding - G.A. Melnikov, S.V. Proletor and D.A. Maslov. There are 183 references: 142 English, 6 German, and 1 French.

CONTENTS

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Card 878

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**APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/13/2001**

**CIA-RDP86-00513R001237610004-7"**

NOVOZHILOV, I.V., kand. ekon. nauk; LOPATKIN, V.G., red.; NAUMOV, K.M.,  
tekhn. red.

[National income of a socialist society; lecture read at the Higher  
Party School in Khabarovsk] Natsional'nyi dokhod sotsialisticheskogo  
obshchestva; lektura, prochitannaia v Khabarovskoi vysshei partii-  
noi shkole. Moskva, Vysshiaia partiinaia shkola pri TsK KPSS, 1958.  
25 p.

(MIRA 11:7)

(Income)

NOVOZHILOV, I. V. (Moskva); SHATALOV, N. V.

Gyroscopic power stabilizer with a dynamic vibration damper.  
Izv. AN SSSR. Mekh. i mashinostr. no.3:87-89 My-Je '64.  
(MIRA 12:7)

13.2520  
S/179/62/000/004/005/010  
E191/E535

AUTHOR: Novozhilov, I. V. (Moscow)

TITLE: Power assisted gyroscopic stabiliser with a dynamic vibration absorber

PERIODICAL: Akademii nauk SSSR. Izvestiya. Otdele niye tekhnicheskikh nauk, Mekhanika i mashinostroyeniye, no.4, 1962, 112-114

TEXT: In a gyroscopic stabiliser, provided with a stabilising motor which drives the gimbal axles mounted on bearings fixed on the deck, a vibration absorber can be arranged on the same axis. An analysis of this arrangement is given in which the transfer function is derived and shown to be identical with that of mechanical oscillating system with two degrees of freedom wherein the main mass is connected to earth by a spring and the dynamic absorber mass is connected to the main mass by a spring and a dashpot in parallel. A sufficiently accurate determination of the optimum values of the absorber design parameters can be carried out by using this simple analogy. A numerical example is given.

✓B

There are 2 figures.

SUBMITTED: February 7, 1962  
Card 1/1

ANDREYEV, V.D.; DEVYANIN, Ye.A.; DEM'YANOVSKIY, A.P.; NOVOZHILOV, I.V.;  
PARUSNIKOV, N.A.

Concerning V.P. Seleznev's book "Navigation system."  
Izv. AN SSSR Tekh. kib. no.2:184-187 Mr-Ap'64.

(MIRA 17:5)

NOVOZHILOV, I.V. (Moskva)

Stability of a triaxial gyrostabilizer. Izv. AN SSSR. Mekh. no.5:137-  
140 S-0 '65. (MIRA 18/10)

L 06205-67 EWT(d)

ACC NR: AP6024186

SOURCE CODE: UR/0424/66/000/002/0003/0010

AUTHORS: Andreyev, V. D. (Moscow); Novozhilov, I. V. (Moscow)44  
45  
B

ORG: none

TITLE: On controlling the motion of an object by newtonometer readings

SOURCE: Inzhenernyy zhurnal. Mekhanika tverdogo tela, no. 2, 1966, 3-10

TOPIC TAGS: accelerometer, newtonometer, trajectory determination, navigation, inertial navigation

ABSTRACT: A study is made involving the instantaneous control of the center of mass motion for a solid object by means of newtonometer readings, without determination of the coordinates of the object. This study is performed by analyzing the equations of motion of an object along a programmed trajectory. A right-handed orthogonal coordinate system is introduced in which the position of the center of mass of the object is referenced with respect to an origin at the center of the earth. Definitions are made for several variables describing the geometric system and also the characteristics of the newtonometer. The discussion proceeds to the consideration of how the signal of the newtonometer is converted into directional control of the object. This leads to the stating of a system of equations relating the motion of the center of mass of the object to its programmed position. The system is transformed into a system in

Card 1/2

ACC NR: AP6034142

(N)

SOURCE CODE: US/0424/66/000/005/0033/0039

AUTHOR: Novozhilov, I. V. (Moscow)

ORG: none

TITLE: On lowering the order of equations in gyroscopic systems

SOURCE: Inzhenernyy zhurnal. Mekhanika tverdogo tela, no. 5, 1966, 33-39

TOPIC TAGS: gyroscope, partial differential equation, approximation method, Hamilton equation, asymptotic expansion

ABSTRACT: The possibility of reducing the order of gyroscopic equations is discussed. This is achieved by using a differential equation with a small parameter in its leading derivative. For a steady holonomic system the governing equation of motion for the gyroscope system is given by

$$\frac{d}{dt} \frac{\partial T_1}{\partial q_k} - \frac{\partial T_1}{\partial q_{k+1}} = Q_k + H \sum_{l=1}^r g_{lk} q_l \quad H = \min |H_i|$$

$$(l = 1, \dots, r) \quad (k = 1, \dots, s).$$

Using the small parameter assumption  $\mu = \lambda^2$ , this equation is reduced to

$$\mu \frac{\partial T_1}{\partial q_k} + Q_k + H_0 \sum_{l=1}^r g_{lk} q_l' = 0 \quad (k = 1, \dots, s).$$

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ACC NR: AP6034142

Physically, this is equivalent to assuming the high frequency components of the motion to have a small period compared with its precession period. Two examples are given to illustrate the method. The first deals with the motion of a holonomic and scleronomous system under gyroscopic and dissipative forces. The second is the motion of a gyro-scope with a universal joint of finite rigidity. In the latter case the degenerate equations are given by the set:

$$(1 + \epsilon) (K\alpha_1 + n\dot{\alpha}_1) + H(\beta' + \dot{\beta}_1) + \epsilon L_\epsilon = 0$$

$$-(1 + \epsilon)(K\beta_1 + n\dot{\beta}_1) + H(\alpha' \cos \beta' + \dot{\alpha}_1) - \epsilon_1 L_{\beta_1} = 0$$

$$A(\beta'' + \ddot{\beta}_1) = -(K\beta_1 + n\dot{\beta}_1) + H(\alpha' \cos \beta' + \dot{\alpha}_1)$$

$$A\alpha'' = (K\alpha_1 + n\dot{\alpha}_1) \cos \beta' + L_\epsilon$$

Orig. art. has: 24 equations.

1712/  
SUB CODE: 207 SUBM DATE: 12Mar66/ ORIG REF: 005

Card 2/2

NOVOZHILOV, K. V.

NOVOZHILOV, K. V. "A study of the forms and methods of using DDT in order to Increase its Effectiveness in Combating the harmful Eurygaster integriceps Put." All-Union Order of Lenin Academy of Agricultural Sciences imeni V. I. Lenin. All-Union Sci Res Inst of Plant Conservation. Leningrad, 1956  
(For the Degree of Candidate in Agricultural Science)

So: Knizhnaya Letopis' No. 18, 1956

PAYKIN, D.M., kand. sel'skokhozyaystvennykh nauk; NOVOZHILOV, K.V., kand. sel'skokhozyaystvennykh nauk.

Factors of the effectiveness of DDT in controlling shield bug  
Burygaster integriceps Put. Trudy VIZR no.9:101-144 '58.  
(Burygasters) (DDT (Insecticide))  
(MIRA 12:1)

PAYKIN, D.M., kand. sel'skokhoz. nauk; NOVOZHILOV, K.V., kand. sel'skokhoz. nauk; MENDE, P.F., kand. sel'skokhoz. nauk

Chemical method for controlling the cutworm *Hadena basilinea*.  
Zashch. rast. ot vred. i bol. 4 no. 2:19-20 Mr-Ap '59.  
(MIRA 16:5)

(Kustanay Province—Cutworms—Extermination)

NOVOZHILOV, K.V., kand. sel'skokhoz. nauk

Festicides used in Canada. Zashch. rast. ot vred. i bol. 9  
no.6:47-49 '64 (M:RA 17:7)

1. Vsesoyuznyy institut zashchity rasteniy.

NOVOZIL'EV, K.V.

Chemical control of the cutworm *Hadenia scrobicula* Bkh. as one of the measures in general control system. Trudy Vses. ent. sov. 50:218-227 '65. (MITB. 1)

MIGAY, V. K.; NOVOZHILOV, L. F.

"Investigation of convective heat transfer by vortex generators."

report submitted for 2nd All-Union Conf on Heat & Mass Transfer, Minsk, 4-12  
May 1964.

Polzunov Central Boiler & Turbine Inst.

L 10931-67 EWT(1) GW

ACC NR: AP6006526

(N)

SOURCE CODE: UR/0375/65/000/011/0054/0059

13

AUTHOR: Novozhilov, L. V. (Engineer, Captain Lieutenant)

ORG: None

TITLE: More utilization of warships in hydrographic work

SOURCE: Morskoy sbornik, no. 11, 1965, 54-59

TOPIC TAGS: oceanographic research facility, ocean floor topography, oceanographic ship, oceanography, ~~oceanographic personnel~~, ~~military personnel~~, ship navigation, HYDROGRAPHIC SURVEY

ABSTRACT: The topography of ocean bottoms, as well as the sea life that inhabits them, are subjects of extreme importance for the need for such knowledge covers a wide spectrum, from safety of navigation to determination of ship's position. The Soviet Union usually uses special hydrographic subunits for such work but there is a vital need for more comprehensive and intensive hydrographic research. In the prewar years, Russian vessels helped considerably in this research by their habitual practice of taking soundings during routine cruises, and this is true as well of warships of the Soviet Navy, which, even during World War II, found time to engage in hydrographic research. The postwar years, however, saw a decline in this type of activity which has only recently been stemmed. Soviet warships are a tremendous vehicle with which to conduct hydrographic research in great volume and at low cost. In addition, warships can take mass soundings while in formation. This is perhaps the most important

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L 10931-67

ACC NR: AP6006526

attribute of hydrographic research by warships. The availability of highly accurate navigation equipment aboard the ships and the high degree of standardization of these equipments throughout the fleet, make possible the simultaneous underwater charting of great expanses of ocean floor. Measurements taken in this fashion can, by the use of specific mathematical computations, be corrected, compiled, and ultimately presented as a composite presentation. It should be made mandatory for warship navigators to do running survey work. This will serve the dual purpose of obtaining widespread, additional survey material, and markedly expanding the scope of and increasing the special skills of fleet navigators. Orig. art. has: 4 figures.

SUB CODE: 08, 15/SUBM DATE: None/ ORIG REF: 006/ OTH REF: 001

Card 2/2

L 39992-66 EWT(d) BC  
ACC NR: AP6015403

(N)

SOURCE CODE: UR/0373/65/000/012/0054/0056  
40  
BAUTHOR: Novozhilov, L. V. (Engineer, Lieutenant commander)

ORG: none

TITLE: The search for suspected hazards to navigation in open waters

SOURCE: Morakoy sbornik, no. 12, 1965, 54-56  
9  
y0

TOPIC TAGS: ship navigation, detection probability

ABSTRACT: A mathematical solution is given for the problem of identifying the position of a hazard to shipping in the open seas when the exact location, as specified on navigational charts, is doubtful. Assuming that the possible error in coordinate identification by the ship sighting and reporting the hazard is subject to the normal laws of probability distribution, one may use Laplace's probability function to express the probability of locating the hazard. With the use of empirical data as well, one may compute the most effective tack for locating the hazard and the probability of success.  
Orig. art. has: 8 formulas, 2 figures, 3 tables.

SUB CODE: 17,13/ SUB DATE: none/ ORIG REF: 002

Card 1/1 11b

[Technology and planning of mining operations in the巷道 mining operations] Teksty i wykłady z prowadzenia planowania organizacji gospodarki robót. Warszawa, 1970. 100 s.

USSR / Mines and Mining  
Mining Methods  
Copper

Apr 1948

"Open Works as the First Stage in Exploiting Copper-Pyrite Deposits," Docent M. G. Novosilov, Sverdlovsk Mining Inst, 2 pp

Other "Zhur" No 4

P 6699 T 100

Exploitation of copper-pyrite deposits is complicated by underground fires caused by spontaneous combustion of the pyrite. Great advantage of open working in the exploitation of large copper-pyrite deposits lies in safety from fires. Open working

deposits lies in safety from fires. Open working

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USSR / Mines and Mining (Contd)

Apr 1948

must be considered the first stage of exploitation of large copper-pyrite deposits and must be completely mechanized. Mechanization facilitates economic operations. During the exploitation of the upper zone of a deposit by open pit, the lower part can be prepared for underground exploitation at the lowest cost.

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NOVOZHILOV, M. G., Docent

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NOVOZHILOV, M. G.

Open-pit mining Sverdlovsk, Gos. nauchno-tekhn. izd-vo lit-ry po chernoi i tsvetnoi metallurgii, 1950. 588 p. (51-34444)

TM291.N6

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/13/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001237610004-7"

NOVOZHILOV, Mikhail Galaktionovich.

Academic title of Doctor of Technical Sciences, based on his defense  
7 March 1955 in the Council of Sverdlovsk Mining Inst imeni Vakhrushev,  
of his dissertation entitled: "Basic Problems of the Open Working  
of Deposits at Great Depths," and the Academic title of Professor  
in the Chair: "Deposits of Useful Minerals."

Academic degree: Doctor of Sciences  
Academic title: Professor

S0: Decisions of VAK, List no. 12, 28 May 55, Byulleten' MVO SSSR,  
No. 15, Aug 56, Moscow, pp. 5-24, Uncl. JPRS/NY-537

NOVCZHILOV, M.G., tekhn. ruk.; LIGKOV, V. I., tekhn. ruk.;  
YEFREMOK, E.I., inzkr.; ALIKSEEV, F.F., tekhn. ruk.; DUDOV,  
D.I., inzkr.

Increasing mining rates during the construction of iron mine.  
Shakht. str. 8 u. 123-24 Jl. 16a. UPA. 111

1. Inguletskiy gorn. i gipotechniy kombinat (OAO) "Ural".  
Novokryvorobashiy gornogipotechniy kombinat (OAO) "Vugol".

NOVOZHILOV, M.G., professor.

The use of heavy-lead inclined cable hoists in deep pits.  
Gor.shur.no.4:20-26 Ap '56. (MLRA 9:7)

1. Magnitogorskiy gorno-metallurgicheskiy institut.  
(Mine hoisting) (Strip mining)

NOVOZHILOV, M.G., prof.

Urgent tasks in open pit mining. Izv. vys. ucheb. zav.; gor.  
zhur. no.8:16-20 '58. (MIRA 12:5)

1. Dnepropetrovskiy gornyy institut.  
(Strip mining)  
(Coal mines and mining--labor productivity)

NOVOZHILOV, M.G., prof.; SELYANIN, V.G., inzh.

New technology of mining Krivoy Rog Basin iron quartzites by the  
open-cut method. Izv.vys.ucheb.zav.; gor.shur. no.3:55-63  
'59. (MIRA 13:4)

1. Dnepropetrovskiy ordena Trudovogo Krasnogo Znameni gornyy  
institut imeni Artema. Rekomendovana kafedroy razrabotki rudnykh  
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(Krivoy Rog--Quartzite) (Strip mining)

NOVOZHILOV, M.G., prof., doktor tekhn.nauk; SHARKOV, A.M., kand.tekhn.  
nauk; TARTAKOVSKIY, B.M., gornyy inzh.

New techniques in baring operations for Donets Basin lignite  
deposits. Ugol' Ukr. 4 no.2:23-25 F '60. (MIRA 13:6)  
(Donets Basin--Lignite) (Mining engineering)

NOVOZHILOV, M.G., prof.; TARTAKOVSKIY, B.N., inzh.; BORISYUK, R.F., inzh.

Grounds for the selection of a type of console-belt waste-stacker  
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1. Dnepropetrovskiy gornyy institut imeni Artema. Rekomendovana  
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(Conveying machinery)

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institut imeni Artyema. Rekomendovana kafedroy razrabotki  
rudnykh mestorozhdeniy i otkrytykh rabot Dnepropetrovskogo  
gornogo instituta.  
(Dnieper Basin--Strip mining) (Excavating machinery)  
(Mine haulage)

NOVOZHILOV, Mikhail Galaktionovich; SELYANIN, Vitaliy Georgiyevich; SAMSONOVA, M.T., red.; GARINA, T.D., tekhn. red.

[Modern techniques in open-pit iron mining] Sovershenstvovanie tekhniki i tekhnologii otkrytoi razrabotki zhelezorudnykh mestorozhdenii. Moskva, Gos. izd-vo "Vysshiaia shkola," 1961. 153 p. (MIRA 14:9)  
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NOVOZHILOV, M.G., prof., doktor tekhn. nauk; SELYANIN, V.G.; TARTAKOVSKIY, B.N.; Prinimali uchastiye: PCHELKIN, G.D., inzh.; ESKIN, V.S., inzh.; SHARKOV, A.M., kand. tekhn. nauk; BORISUK, R.F., inzh.; ABDUFATTAKHOB, A.A., inzh.; ANDRIYENKO, A.F., inzh.; KTIICHEV, P.M., inzh.; GLUSKIN, L.I., inzh.; LEVCHENKO, N.K., inzh.; GAVRILYUK, I.I., inzh.; SHPEKTOROV, Yu.Z., inzh.; KOCHERGA, N.T., red.; GORKAVENKO, L.I., tekhn. red.

[New technical methods and equipment in open-pit mining of mineral deposits] Novaia tekhnologija otkrytoi razrabotki mestorozhdenii poleznykh iskopaemykh. Pod obshchei red. M.G.Novozhilova. Kiev, Gos.izd-vo tekhn. lit-ry USSR, 1961. 205 p.

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(Strip mining)

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uchastiye MISHCHEVYAKOV, A.I., dotsent. ZURKOV, P.E., prof.,  
retsenzent; ORLOV, Ye.I., otv.red.; KAUFMAN, A.M., red.izd-va;  
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NOVOZHILOV, M.G., prof., doktor tekhn.nauk

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no. 1:25-27 Ja '61. (MIRA 14:1)

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(Strip mining--Equipment and supplies)  
(Excavating machinery)

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(Strip mining)

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~~ESKIN, V.S.~~, inzh.

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(Ukraine--Sulfur mines and mining)

NOVOZHILOV, M.G., prof.; SHARKOV, A.M., kand.tekhn.nauk; TARTAKOVSKIY, B.M.,  
gornyy inzh.

New method of excavating trenches in the construction of lignite  
open-pit mines in the Ukraine. Ugol' Ukr. 5 no.3:28-29 Mr '61.  
(Ukraine—Strip mining)

NOVOZHILOV, M.G., prof.; TARTAKOVSKIY, B.N., inzh.

New technical methods and equipment for open-pit mining of  
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zhur. no.6:11-18 '61. (MIRA 16:7)

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rudnykh mestorozhdeniy i otkrytoy razrabotki.

(Nikopol' region—Manganese mines and mining—  
Equipment and supplies)

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inzh.; GLUSKIN, L.I.

Ways of increasing the efficiency of boring and blasting in  
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(MIRA 15:2)

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Kucheryavyy, Khodakovskiy).
2. Glavnnyy inzh. Karakubskogo  
rudoupravleniya (for Gluskin).  
(Komsomol'skoye region(Donetsk Province)--Boring)  
(Blasting)

NOVOZHILOV, M.G., prof.; KUCHERYAVYY, F.I., kand.tekhn.nauk;  
DRUKOVANYI, M.F., gornyy inzh.; GAYEK, Yu.V., gornyy inzy.

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(Strip mining)

NOVOZHILOV, I.G., prof., doktor tekhn.nauk; SNAKOV, A.M., kand.tekhn.nauk;  
TARTAKOVSKIY, B.N., gorn.inzh.; VA.SHAVSKIY, A.K., gorn.inzh.

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in the lignite open-pit mines of the Dnieper Basin. Ugol' 36  
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(Dnieper Basin--Strip mining) (Mine haulage)

NOVOZHILOV, M.G., prof.; KUCHERYAVYY, F.I., dotsent; KHODAKOVSKIY, Yu.F.,  
gornyy inzh.; GLUSKIN, L.I., gornyy inzh.

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effect on rock breaking by blasting. Vzryv. delo no.47/4:197-204  
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(Blasting) (Boring)

NOVOZHILOV, Mikhail Galaktionovich, prof., doktor tekhn. nauk; SELYANIN,  
Vitaliy Georgiyevich, kand. tekhn. nauk; TROP, Abram Yefimovich,  
prof., doktor tekhn. nauk; Prinimal uchastiye GERSHUN, O.S.,  
kand. tekhn. nauk; RZHEVSKIY, V.V., prof., doktor tekhn. nauk,  
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izd-va; MESHCHANKINA, I.S., tekhn. red.

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NOVOZHILOV, M.G., prof.; TARTAKOVSKIY, B.N., inzh.; GAVRILEUK, I.I., inzh.

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no.1:24-33 '62. (MIRA 15:7)

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(Limestone) (Ukraine—Strip mining)

NOVOZHILOV, M.G., prof.

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ABDUTATTAKHOV, A. A., inzh.

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gor. zhur. 5 no.8:3-11 '62. (MIRA 15:10)

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institut imeni Artyoma. Rekomendovana kafedroy otkrytykh gornykh  
rabot,

(Kerch Basin—Strip mining)

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A.A., inzh.; BARSUKOV, M.I., inzh.

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1. Dnepropetrovskiy ordena Trudovogo Krasnogo Znameni gornyy  
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NOVOZHILOV, M.G. [Novozhylov, M.H.], doktor tekhn.nauk, prof.

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VARSHAVSKIY, Anatoliy Mikhaylovich, kand. tekhn. nauk; NOVOZHILOV,  
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tekhn. nauk; ZEFIREMOV, E.I., inzh.

State of and basic trends in improving boring and blasting  
operations in granite quarries. Vzryv. delo no. 51/8:206-223  
'63.  
(MIRA 16:6)

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(Granite industry) (Blasting) (Boring)

NOVOZHILOV, M.G., doktor tekhn. nauk, prof.; DRUKOVANYY, M.F., kand. tekhn. nauk; KRASNOPOL'SKIY, A.A., inzh.; ONISHCHENKO, V.Ya., inzh.

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(Blasting)

KHOKHRYAKOV, Vladimir Stepanovich, kand. tekhn. nauk; NOVOZHILOV,  
M.G., prof., doktor tekhn. nauk, retsenzent; SELYANIN,  
V.G., kand. tekhn.nauk, retsenzent; DIDKOVSKIY, D.Z.,  
etv. red.; GEYMAN, L.M., red.izd-va; LOMILINA, L.N.,  
tekhn. red.

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FIDELEV, A.S., doktor tekhn. nauk, prof.; AFONINA, G.P.,  
red.izd-va; SHAFETA, S.M., tekhn. red.

[Open-pit mining of mineral deposits] Otkrytaia razrabotka  
mestorozhdenii poleznykh iskopaemykh. Kiev, Gostekhizdat,  
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NOVOZHILOV, M.G., doktor tekhn. nauk; TARTAKOVSKIY, B.N., kand. tekhn. nauk; GAVRILYUK, I.I., inzh.

Ways of increasing labor productivity in flux limestone quarries of the Ukraine. Met. i gornorud. prom. no.4:46-49 (MIRA 16:11)  
Jl-Ag '63.

1. Dnepropetrovskiy gornyj institut (for Novozhilov).
2. Otdeleniye gornorudnykh problem Instituta elektrotehniki AN UkrSSR (for Tartakovskiy, Gavril'yuk).

NOVOZHILOV, M.G., prof., doktor tekhn.nauk; TARTAKOVSKIY, B.N., kand.tekhn.  
nauk; ESKIN, V.S., inzh.; KOLESNIK, A.N., inzh.

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(MIRA 16:10)  
S '63.

1. Dnepropetrovskiy gornyy institut.

NOVOZHILOV, M.G., prof.; TARTAKOVSKIY, B.N., kand. tekhn. nauk; GAVRILYUK, I.I., inzh.; LASHKO, V.T., inzh.

Parameters of pile-forming conveyors equipped with a swivel-component dumping device. Izv. vys. ucheb. zav.; gor zhur. 6 no.9:27-34 '63. (MIRA 17:1)

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NOVOZHILOV, M.G., prof., doktor tekhn. nauk; DRUKOVANYY, M.F., kand. tekhn. nauk; YEFREMOV, E.I., gornyy inzh.; TERESHCHENKO, A.A., gornyy inzh.; SHESTAKOV, M.M., gornyy inzh.; PIL'NIK, I.L., gornyy inzh.

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1. Otdeleniye gornorudnykh problem AN UkrSSR (for Novozhilov, Drukovanyy, Yefremov). 2. TSentral'nyy Krivorozhskiy gorno-obogatitel'nyy kombinat (for Tereshchenko, Shestakov, Pil'nik).

NOVOZHILOV, M.G., prof.; TARTAKOVSKIY, B.N., kand.tekhn.nauk; ESKIN, V.S.,  
inzh.; SOLODOVNIK, L.M., inzr.; ROYZEN, Ya.Sh., inzh.

Substantiating the efficient limits for strip mining horizontal  
deposits with the use of continuous-operation equipment. Izv.vys.  
ucheb.zav.;gor.zhur. 7 no.7:3-7 '64. (MIRA 17:10)

1. Dnepropetrov'skiy ordena Trudovogo Krasnogo Znameni gornyy institut  
imeni Artyoma. Rekomendovana kafedroy otkrytykh gornykh rabot.

NOVOZHILOV, M.G., prof., doktor tekhn. nauk; DRUKOVANYY, M.P., kand.  
tekhn. nauk; GEYMAN, L.M., gornyy inzhener; KOMIR, V.M., gornyy  
inzhener; SEMENYUK, I.A., gornyy inzhener

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delo no.54/11:113-125 '64. (MIRA 17:9)

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SHVERNIK, Aleksandr Mikhaylovich; SOKOLOV, Anatoliy Valentinovich;  
POLUBELOV, Aleksey Sergeyevich; KISELEV, Georgiy Ivanovich;  
BERNSHTEYN, Rafail Lazarevich; SLAVUTSKIY, Samuil Oskarovich;  
NEVEL'SHTEYN, Yuriy Grigor'yevich; KONDRATENKO, Leonid  
Fedorovich; LASKIN, Anatoliy Aronovich; LUR'YE, Zakhar  
Solomonovich; MAKAROV, Vladimir Aleksandrovich; NOVOZHILOV,  
M.G., retsentent; BILLICHENKO, N.Ya., retsentent; VARSHAVSKY,  
A.M., retsentent; TARTAKOVSKIY, B.N., retsentent. Prinimali  
uchastiye: ANTONOV, V.A., inzh.; VERBLYUNSKIY, Yu.I., inzh.;  
ZEMSKOV, P.F., otv. red.

[Overall mechanization and automatic control in strip mines]  
Kompleksnaia mekhanizatsiia i avtomatzatsiia na kar'ierakh.  
Moskva, Nedra, 1964. 582 p. (MIRA 18:4)

NOVOZHILOV, M.G., prof., doktor tekhn. nauk; DRUKOVANYY, M.F., kand.  
~~tekhn. nauk~~; REZNIKOV, N.A., inzh.

Ways of fundamentally reorganizing Krivoy Rog Basin strip  
mines. Gor. zhur. no.9:10-13 S '64. (MIRA 17:12)

L 55087-65

ACCESSION NR AM/046248

BOOK EXPLOITATION

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B11

Drukovanyy, Mikhail Fedorovich; Yefremov, Ernest Ivanovich; Novozhilov, Mikhail  
Galaktionovich; Tereshchenko, Aleksandr Alekseyevich

High bench blasting (Vzryvaniye vysokikh ustupov). Moscow, Izd-vo "Nedra", 1964,  
105 p. illus., biblio. Errata slip inserted. 1,800 copies printed

TOPIC TAGS: explosive, explosive charge, mining engineering

PURPOSE AND COVERAGE: The book contains general information about high bench blasting experience in mines. Basic technological schemes of open pit working in high bench blasting are recommended. Questions which concern the effectiveness of drilling, methods of charging, schemes of setting and explosion of charges, and the intensity of the rock crushing during high bench blasting are examined. Theoretical premises which serve as a foundation for the use of high benches are brought to light. The book also describes laboratory research which has been carried out on the activity of the blast in its environment. The book is intended for mining engineering and technical personnel.

Card 1/2

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NOVOZHILOV, M.G., doktor tekhn. nauk; DRUKOVANYY, M.F., kand. tekhn. nauk;  
VEREM'YEVA, V.Ye.: SAPUNOVA, I.A.

Efficiency of three-stage crushing at Krivoy Rog mining and ore  
dressing combines. Met. i gornorud. prom. no.5:47-49 S-0 '64.

(MIRA 18:7)

NOVOZHILOV, M.G., prof., d<sup>k</sup>tor tekhn.nauk; TARTAKOVSKIY, B.N., kand.tekhn.  
nauk; BARSUKOV, M.I., inzh.; KRASHNIKOV, A.S., kand.tekhn.nauk;  
SAMORODOV, Yu.P., kand.tekhn.nauk

Flow sheets for mining working trenches with continuous machine  
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